# The M'Kean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

$1.50 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

VOL. XIII.

SMETHPORT, M'KEAN COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1876.

NO. 50.

**S. W. SMITH,**
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

**P. R. COTTER,**
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
All business intrusted to his care will receive immediate attention. Particular attention to collections.

**G. A. BERRY,**
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Office in Exchange Building, Main St.,
BRADFORD, McKEAN CO., PA.

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Attorney at Law.
Office over Parker & Malcom's store,
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**R. B. STONE,**
Attorney at Law.
Office with Key Dealer, over Pemberton's Store,
BRADFORD, PA.

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**FREEMAN & BROWN,**
PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in their profession

**H. L. McCOY,**
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.,
Will attend to all calls in his profession.

**D. V. CROSSMIRE,**
Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,
15 Fraley Street, KANE, PA.
Prompt attention given to all professional calls.

**E. A. VanScoy,**
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession.
Office in Van Scoy building, corner of Corydon and Mechanic Streets.

The McKean County Miner
Published Every Thursday.
H. F. BARBOUR.
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.
TERMS $2.00 PER YEAR,
$1.50 if Paid in Advance.

Advertising Terms:
Legal, Official and Transient Advertising, per square three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion, fifty cents.
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Obituary Notices over five lines, ten cents per line.
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Rates for display advertisements on application.

JOB PRINTING!
We have a large and complete assortment of Plain and Fancy Type and excellent Presses and are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing, neatly, cheaply and promptly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

**BYRON D. HAMLIN & SON,**
Law and Land Office.
AGENCY OF THE
KEATING LANDS.
Situated in the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.
Smethport, Pa.

**BACKUS & MILLIKEN,**
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to their care.
OFFICE—Up-stairs in Sartwell Block, on Main Street.
W. J. MILLIKEN. JOHN C. BACKUS

**P. FORD,**
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Will give his attention to all matters pertaining to his profession.
OFFICE—FORD BUILDING,
Church Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

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**F. W. HOGARTH,**
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will attend to all calls in his profession.
OFFICE IN HIS STORE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.
ROBT. H. ROSE
Resident [illegible] for [illegible] also applications [illegible] give information [illegible] lands of this Estate, in McKean County [illegible]
Prothonotary's Office in the Court House.
ADOLF. C. [illegible],
Agent of the Trustees.
WELLSBORO, Dec. 24, 1873.

SARTWELL BROTHERS'
BILLIARD SALOON
—AND—
Restaurant,
SARTWELL BLOCK, SECOND FLOOR,
Smethport, Pa.
W. SARTWELL. S. B. SARTWELL.

**C. V. GILLIS,**
DEALER IN
DRUGS
Paints, Oils,
FANCY GOODS, Etc.,
KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS. G. M. JAMES
DAVIS & JAMES,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed,
Clothing, Notions,
Hardware and General Merchandise,
KANE, PA.

W. B. SIRRETT & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FINE HATS, CAPS,
FURS, ROBES, Etc.
Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
THE LARGEST DEALERS IN THIS CLASS OF GOODS IN WESTERN NEW YORK.

BONNEY'S
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Terrace, near Main St.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.
P. E. STONE, Clerk,
Late Proprietor of the Olean House

OLEAN HOUSE,
GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Prop.,
UNION STREET,
OLEAN, N. Y.
☞ Convenient to Depots.

SARTWELL HOUSE,
Port Allegany, Pa.
S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.
The above House has been recently Rebuilt, Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the Convenience of Guests

CABINET SHOP,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT.
WM. SPECHT. Proprietor.
FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.

PAINTING & GRAINING.
The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner, and at reasonable rates.
Graining by a New and Cheap Process.
I make a Specialty of Graining, by a new process, by which I can do it at an expense of less than half the time and money it would cost by the old way.
CARL SASSE.

**E. R. SHATTUCK,**
RETAIL DEALER IN
WINES & LIQUORS,
OLEAN, N. Y.
Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.
Quantities less than five (5) gallons carefully boxed and shipped.

ALFRED STURDVENT
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his new quarters,
In the Bennett House.
HE IS PREPARED TO DO
SHAVING and HAIR DRESSING
In the Highest Style, and at the Lowest Price
A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF
COLLARS, CUFFS,
And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

**S. A. BISHOP,**
Architect and Superintendent.
Office on Second Floor of "Miner" Block,
SMETHPORT, PA.

W. S. BROWNELL,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
MOTTO—Quick Sales, Small Profits
Store Opposite Baptist Church,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Patronage is respectfully solicited.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.
BARRETT BROTHERS,
CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
—AND—
HOUSE MOLDINGS,
Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Etc.,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

BENNETT HOUSE,
Opposite the Court House,
SMETHPORT, PA.
WM. HASKILL, Proprietor.
This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in northern Pennsylvania.
☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE,
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.
B. F WRIGHT, - - Proprietor.
First-Class in Every Respect.
This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

Taylor House,
LARRABEE, PA.
D. F. PATTISON, Proprietor.
This House is located at the junction of the B., N. Y. & P., and McK. and B. Railroads. It has been newly fitted and furnished, and no pains will be spared to accommodate Guests.
☞ A clean meal and clean bed guaranteed.

LARRABEE HOUSE,
Larrabee, Pa.
R. LARRABEE, Proprietor.
Located but a few steps from the McKean & Buffalo, and the B., N. Y. & Philadelphia depots.

BRADFORD HOUSE,
ED. DOLAN, Proprietor,
Cor. MAIN AND MECHANIC STREETS,
Bradford, McKean County, Pa.

**J. P. WENDEL,**
DEALER IN
Fine Groceries
AND
PROVISIONS,
Flour, Pork, Lard, Salt, Fish.
SELECTED TEAS.
Pure COFFEES and SPICES.
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
And a great variety of all other goods usually kept in a First-class Store.
Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

**J. C. HAMLIN,**
DEALER IN
HARDWARE,
RANGES, STOVES,
Shelf Furniture, Tinware,
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
And every article to be found in a first-class Hardware Establishment.
JOB WORK of all kinds done at short notice by good workmen.
Cor. Main and Church Streets,
SMETHPORT, PA.

### Autumn.

Leaves—only dead leaves
  That autumn winds have scattered round;
Leaves—only dead leaves
  That wither upon the ground;
Shriveled by frost, and yellow and brown;
Trampled by feet of wayfarers down;
Drenched with rain by night and day;
Rotting, and turning to mire and clay.

Leaves—only dead leaves
  That covered the trees in spring with green;
Leaves—only dead leaves
  That darkened the summer's sheen;
Weighing down branches to the ground;
Flinging their deep broad shadows around;
Crowning with glory the forest fair,
As the glory of woman's flowing hair.

Hopes—only dead hopes
  Torn from the heart by the storms of life;
Hopes—only dead hopes
  Killed by sorrow and strife;
Withered and chilled by the cold world's
    frown;
Crushed and torn and trampled down;
Like forest leaves 'neath the winter's sky,
The hopes of our young life wither and die.

Hopes—only dead hopes
  That budded in life-spring fair and bright;
Hopes—only dead hopes
  That made our young hearts light,
Spring will gladden the earth again;
Trees will bud and leaves be green;
Oh, heart! take courage—all nature cries,
Like faith and love, hope never dies.

—*Bazar.*

## DOLLY.

### AN IDYL OF THE LEVEE.

"The Lord only," once observed Officer Patsy Brasil, "knows what Dolly's real name is."

Dolly was a brown, broad shouldered girl of the levee, with the lithe strength of a pantheress in her compactly knit figure, and owning one of those peculiar faces which at once attract and puzzle by their very uniqueness—a face that possessed a strange comeliness when viewed at certain angles, especially half-profile, and that would have seemed very soft and youthful but for the shadow of its heavy black brows, perpetually knitted Medusa-wise, as though by everlasting pain, above a pair of great, dark, keen, steady eyes. It was a face, perhaps, rather Egyptian than aught else; fresh with a youthful roundness, and sweetened by a sensitive, passionate, pouting mouth.

Moreover, Dolly's odd deportment and peculiar attire were fancifully suggestive of those wanton Egyptian women whose portraits were limned on mighty palace walls by certain ancient and forgotten artists—some long limbed, gauze clad girls who seem yet to move with a snakish and fantastic grace; others, strong limbed and deep bosomed, raimented in a single, close fitting robe, and wearing their ebon hair loosely flowing in a long thick mass. Dolly appeared to own the elfish grace of the former, together with the more mortal form of the latter. She must have made her own dresses, for no such dresses could have been purchased with love or with money; they were very antique and very graceful. Her favorite dress, a white robe with a zigzag border of purple running around the bottom, fitted her almost closely from shoulder to knee, following the sinuous outline of her firm figure, and strongly recalling certain pictures in the Egyptian department of a famous German work upon the costumes of antiquity. Of course Dolly knew nothing of antiquity or of Egypt—in fact she could neither read nor write; but she had an instinctive esthetic taste which surmounted those obstacles to good taste in dress which ignorance and fashion jointly create. Her prehistoric aspect was further heightened by her hair—long, black, thick as a mane, and betraying by its tendency to frizzle the strong tinge of African blood in Dolly's veins. This she generally wore loose to the waist—a mass so heavy and dense that a breeze could not wave it, and so deeply dark as to recall those irregular daubs of solid black paint whereby the painters of the pyramid chambers represented the locks of weird court dames. Dolly was very careful of this strange hair; but she indulged, from time to time, in the savage luxury of greasing it with butter. Occasionally, too, she arranged it in a goblin sort of way, by combing it up perpendicularly, so that it flared above her head as though imbued with an electric life of its own. Perhaps she inherited the tendency to these practices from her African blood.

In fact, Dolly was very much of a little savage, despite the evidences of her natural esthetic taste in dress. The very voluptuousness and freedom of her movements had something savage about it, and she had a wild love for violent physical exercises. She could manage a pair of oars splendidly, and was so perfect a shot that knowing steamboatmen were continually fleecing newcomers by inducing them to bet heavily against Dolly's abilities in the Sausage row shooting gallery. Turning her back to the mark, with a looking glass held before her, Dolly could fire away all day, and never miss making the drum rattle. Then she could swim like a Tahitian, and before daybreak, on sultry summer mornings, often stole down to the river to strike out in the moon silvered current. "Ain't you ashamed to be seen that way?" reproachfully inquired an astonished police officer, one morning, upon encountering Dolly coming up the levee, with a single wet garment clinging about her, and wringing out the water from her frizzly hair.

"Only the pretty moon saw me," replied Dolly, turning her dark eyes gratefully to the rich light.

Dolly was a much better character, on the whole, than her sisters of the levee, chiefly because she seldom quarreled, never committed theft and seldom got tipsy. Smoke she did, incessantly; for tobacco is a necessity of life on the row. It was an odd fact that she had no confidants, and never talked about herself. Her reticence, comparative sobriety, and immunity from arrest, together with the fact that she never lacked money enough for the necessities of life, occasioned a peculiar, unpleasant feeling toward her among the other women, which expressed itself in the common saying that Dolly was "putting on airs." Once it became suddenly fashionable on the row to adorn windows with pots containing some sort of blossoming weed, which these dusky folks euphemistically termed "flowers." Dolly at once "put on airs" by refusing to conform to the growing custom.

"Why don't you have any flower pots in your window?" curiously queried Patsy Brasil.

"Because," said Dolly, "I ain't a-going to be so mean to the flowers. The row ain't no place for flowers."

One of her greatest pleasures was to pet a little bandy legged child, whose parents nobody knew, and whom old fat Maggie Sperlock had adopted. She would spend whole hours amusing the little fellow, romping and laughing with him, and twisting her extraordinary hair into all sorts of fantastic horns and goblin devices in order to amuse him. Then she taught him the names of all the great white boats, and the names of the far cities they sailed from, and the odd symbolism of the steamboat slang. When a long vessel swept by, plowing up the yellow current in curving furrows about her prow, and leaving in her rear a long line of low hanging nimbus clouds, Dolly would cry: "See, Tommy, how proud the old gal is to-day; she's got a fine ruffle on. Look at her switch, Tommy; she how the old gal's curling her hair out behind her." Dolly could not read the names of the boats, but she knew by heart their gleaming shapes, and the varying tones of their wild, deep voices. So she taught the child to know them, too, until to his infantile fancy they became, as they were, great aquatic things, which slept only at the levee, and moved upon the river through the white moonlight with an awfully pulsating life of their own. She likewise made out of a pine plank, for Tommy, a funny little vessel, with a cunning stern wheel to it, which flung up the water bravely as the child drew it along the shore with a cotton string. And Dolly had no end of terrible stories to tell Tommy about Voodoos—she called them "hoodoos"—people who gathered heads of snakes, and spiders, and hideous creeping things to make venomous charms with, by steeping them in whisky until the foul liquor became "green as grass." Tommy would have become frightened out of his little life at these tales, but that Dolly gave him a dried rabbit's foot in a bag to hang around his neck; for Dolly, like all the colored folks of the levee, believed a rabbit's foot to be a sure charm against all evil.

Of course Dolly had "her man"—a rather good looking yellow roustabout, known along the levee as Aleck. He came home one spring with forty odd dollars in his pocket—quite a fortune, he thought it, and a new silver watch for Dolly; but that was, perhaps, the great pecuniary event of his career. Somehow or other the watch did not keep perfect time, and poor Dolly, who knew far more about steamboats than she did about watches, opened the chronometer "to see what was the matter with it."

"Why, it's got a little hair wound around its insides," said Dolly; "of course it won't go right." Then she pulled out the hairspring. "Such a funny looking hair," further observed Dolly.

Aleck, one summer evening, became viciously drunk at a Bucktown ball, and got into a free fight, wherein one roustabout, to use Dolly's somewhat hyperbolic expression, "was shot and cut all to pieces." Aleck was only charged at the police station with being drunk and disorderly, but inasmuch as it was not his first offense of the kind, he was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars, and to be imprisoned in the workhouse for a period of thirty days. When the Black Maria had rolled away, and the gaping crowd of loafers had dispersed, after satisfying their unsympathetic curiosity, Dolly wandered into the city park, and sitting down upon one of the little stone lions at the fountain, cried silently over the broken watch which Aleck had given her. She arose with the resolve to pay Aleck's fine as soon as the thirty days of his workhouse sentence had expired, and went slowly back to the row.

Now when Dolly had fairly resolved upon doing a thing, it was generally done. She bought food only when she could not beg it, seldom paid for a cigar, and seemed to become a ubiquitous character in all the worst haunts of the row, by night and day.

"If you keep on in this way, Dolly," finally exclaimed Patsy Brasil, "I'll 'vag' you. It was then nearly thirty days since Aleck had been imprisoned. Patsy, kindly but always firm, never threatened in vain, and Dolly knew it.

It is hardly necessary to say, however, that Dolly had not been able to earn the amount of Aleck's fine, nor is it necessary to state how much she had earned, when Patrolman Brasil was obliged to threaten her with the workhouse. She had one recourse left, however—to sell her dresses and her furniture, consisting of a stove, a bed, and an ancient clock—for much less than their pitiful value. She did sell them, and returned from the second-hand store to her bare room, to fall into [illegible] on the floor, [illegible], but happy in the possession of enough money to pay "her man's fine." And Aleck again found himself a free man.

He felt grateful enough to Dolly not to get drunk for a week, which he naturally considered no small piece of self-abnegation in return for his personal freedom. A keener eyed man in a blue uniform with brass buttons, who looked into Dolly's great hollow eyes and sunken face with a muttered "God help her!" better understood how dearly that freedom had been purchased. Hunger and sleeplessness had sapped the vitality of Dolly's nervous though vigorous organization. At last Aleck got work on a Maysville packet boat, and sailed away from the levee, and from the ghost of what was once Dolly, waving a red, ragged handkerchief from her window in defiance of Pickett's orders. Just before the regular starting time some one had "tolled" the boat's bell.

"Who's fooling with that bell?" exclaimed Dolly, suddenly dropping her cigar. "It's bad luck to do that." She often thought of the bell again, when week after week the vessel regularly steamed up to the long wharfboat—without Aleck. Aleck had told her that he intended to see "God's people"—the roustabout term for visiting one's home; but she never thought that he would have remained away from her so long.

At last one evening, while sitting at Pickett's door, filing some little shirt studs for Aleck out of a well bleached beef bone, some one told her how Aleck had got married up at Maysville, and what "a tiptop weddin'" it was. Dolly said nothing, but picked up her beef bones and her little file, and went up stairs.

"They never die round here," said Patsy Brasil, "until their will's gone. The will dies first." And Dolly's will was dead.

Some women of the levee picked her thin body up from the floor of the empty room and carried her to a bed. Then they sent for old Judge Fox, the gray haired preacher, who keeps a barber shop on Sausage row. The old man's notions of theology were probably peculiar to himself, yet he had comforted more than one dying woman. He closed his shop at once and came to pray and sing for Dolly, but she heeded neither the prayers nor the strange slave-hymns that he sang. The evening gray deepened to night purple; the moon looked in through the open window at Dolly's thin face; the river reflected its shining ripples on the whitewashed walls within, and through all the sound of the praying and singing there boomed up from below the furious thrumming of banjos and bass viols, and the wild thunder of the dancer's feet. Down stairs the musicians were playing the tune: "Big Ball Up Town;" up stairs the women were chanting to a weirdly sweet air: "My Jesus Arose."

Oh, ain't I mighty glad my Jesus arose,
Oh, ain't I mighty glad my Jesus arose,
Oh, ain't I mighty glad my Jesus arose,
  To send me up on high.

Here comes my pilgrim Jesus,
A-riding a milk-white horse;
He's rode him to the east and he's rode him
  to the west,
And to every other quarter of the globe.
  Oh, ain't I mighty glad, etc.

Here comes my master Jesus,
With heaven in his view,
He's goin' home to glory,
And bids this world adieu.
  Oh, ain't I mighty glad, etc.

He'll blow out the sun and burn up the world,
And turn that moon to blood,
And sinners in—

"Hush," said Dolly, rising with a desperate effort. "Ain't that the old gal talking?"

A sound, deeper and sweeter and wilder than the hymned melody or the half savage music below, filled all the moonlit levee—the steam song of the Maysville packet coming in.

"Help me up!" gasped Dolly, "it's the old gal blowing off steam; it's Aleck; it's my man—my man!"

Then she sunk back suddenly, and lay very still—in the stillness of the dreamless sleep.

When they went to lay her out, they found something tightly clutched in one little bony hand—so tightly that it required no inconsiderable exertion to force the fingers open.

It was an old silver watch, with the hair spring pulled out.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

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CATTLE FEVER.—The "Texas fever" has appeared among cattle of farmers living near Tolano, Illinois, and all the cattle attacked by the disease have died. The disease is suspected to have been communicated to the cattle by a drove of Texas cattle unloaded from a train for one day by a railway company. Energetic measures have been taken to stamp out the pest.

### A Tramp Printer's Story.

"It was Tangle-foot Tony that was tramping with me," said "Reddy," as he ran a piece of twisted paper down the lamp chimney to get a light for his pipe. "We reached Baltimore one day a little after dinner time, and as we entered the suburbs, being hungry as wolves, I told Tony to stop under a tree near by and I would go up to a house a little way off and ask for something to eat. I walked up to the door and rang the bell. The summons was answered [illegible] who appeared [illegible] I appealed for food. She told me to follow her and led the way down into the dining-room. I sat down to the table as directed and commenced eating. The lady was very kind, and all the time I was eating talked sympathetically of the poor people thrown out of employment and of the hard times pervading the country, and seemed very anxious that I should eat enough, an idea that my stomach and the large roast before me also suggested.

"My time was not so absorbed in eating that I failed to notice a little girl sitting in one corner of the room surrounded by a prominent young family of dolls. She seemed to be deeply interested, and just before I finished eating, disappeared, but soon returned, and advancing to where I sat, laid a silver quarter by my plate. It brought the tears to my eyes to see the young face beaming with benevolence, and turning to the lady I remarked: 'Bid her take it back, please; I can't rob such an angel; she is too kind; she makes me feel my own unworthiness to breathe the same air with such innocence, untarnished by a single spot from the wicked world around her. Bid her, kind lady, take it back.' 'Oh, no,' replied the lady, 'keep it. In your distress it will do you more good than she could realise from it, and besides, I wish to encourage her in such acts, so that she will grow up to be a good and useful woman.' I bade the family adieu with many thanks for their kindness and deeply impressed with what I had experienced. I walked back to where I left Tony, meditating as I went, realizing that the world contained some true Christians after all. Taking care to remove all traces of tears, I approached Tony, who scanned my countenance closely and inquired. 'What luck, old chap?' I held out the money, fresh from those pure little hands. He opened his eyes astonishingly wide and enthusiastically cried out: 'Twenty-five cents! Enough for two drinks!'"

### Signature of the Cross.

The mark which persons who are unable to write are required to make, instead of their signatures, is in the form of a cross; and this practice, having formerly been followed by kings and nobles, is constantly referred to as an instance of the deplorable ignorance of ancient times. The signature is not, however, invariably a proof of such ignorance. Anciently the use of the mark was not confined to illiterate persons; for among the Saxons the mark of the cross, as an attestation of the good faith of the persons signing, was required to be attached to the signature of those who could write, as well as to stand in the place of the signature of those who could not write. In those times, if a man could write, or even read, his knowledge was considered proof presumptive that he was in holy orders. The clericus, or clerk, was synonymous with penman; and the laity, or people who were not clerks, did not feel any urgent necessity for the use of letters. The ancient use of the cross was therefore universal, alike by those who could and those who could not write; it was, indeed, the symbol of an oath, from its sacred associations, as well as the mark generally adopted. Hence the origin of the expression, "God save the mark," as a form of ejaculation approaching the character of an oath.

### Singular Vandalism.

The officers in charge of the Senate wing of the capitol at Washington are much troubled by the evidence that some malicious person or persons have deliberately gone to work to deface that wing. A short time ago nearly a gallon of oil, which must have been brought into the building for the purpose, was spilled on one of the inner flights of marble stairs. It was also discovered that a large quantity of blue ink had been poured over the outer balustrade of the corridor connecting the Senate wing with the main building. The ink was poured in two or three places and splashed about so as to do as much injury as possible. It cannot be removed without cutting into the marble.

### Equalizing his Loss.

A man borrows eight hundred francs of a friend, for which he signs eight notes for one hundred francs each, payable monthly. The first falls due and is protested.

"This is rather promising for the others," remarks the lender.

"Oh, they will be protested likewise," calmly replies the debtor.

"Then why on earth did you sign the notes?"

"So that the shock would not be so great to you. You will only lose a hundred francs at a time this way."

# The M'Kean Miner.

H. F. Barbour - - Editor.

THURSDAY, OCT. 12, 1876.

## Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
**RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,**
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
**WILLIAM A. WHEELER,**
OF NEW YORK

FOR CONGRESSMAN,
**JOHN I. MITCHELL,**
Of Tioga County.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
**C. H. SEYMOUR,**
Of [illegible] County.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
**C. L. FOSTER,**
Of Bradford township.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES,
**F. N. BURNHAM,**
Of Eldred township.
**O. M. SMITH,**
of Smethport boro'.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
**J. E. B. WHITE,**
Of Hamlin township.

THE very transparent explanation of Tilden's successful efforts to cheat the government out of his income tax, which has been given to the world by him through his confidential clerk, fails to explain anything and leaves Mr. Tilden a confessed defaulter. But there is something else in the statement that we did not look for in that connection. It is confirmation of the charges that have been made that Mr Tilden was the a pernicious and malignant enemy of the Union during the war with the Southern Confederacy. The assertion that he asked no favors of the Government officers, but simply paid what was imposed upon him, conveys a sneer and an insult. There the Copperhead coiled and showed his fangs. Mr. Tilden feels that he was imposed upon when he had to pay an income tax. The Government over which he aspires to preside was in mortal danger and straining its resources, but Mr Tilden asked no favors. He was almost as meek as Jeff. Davis, who merely asked the courtesy of being let alone And after 1862 Mr. Tilden concluded that he would not trouble himself any more with his accounts. He would allow the officers, of whom he asked no favors, to make up his return for him, and impose upon him according to their pleasure. This was a method of circumventing the law and the officers that in this case was particularly mean. It appears that Mr. Tilden never paid tax on one tenth of his gains during the war, and fixed himself where he could enjoy the profit of the evasion, and at the same time sneer at the ignorance of the officials of whom he asked no favors, and whose impositions he was ready to meet with an affected humility disguising the sweltering venom of his malice That is the way this letter of explanation strikes us. It throws a strong side light on other parts of Mr. Tilden's record that have heretofore been in partial obscurity—especially that of his legal opinion that the Union soldiers were trespassing in the Southern States and would have to pay damages for their march to the sea. Mr. Tilden's clerk's letter does not explain his income difficulty, but it illustrates his style of patriotism, and is in that sense of value in the enlightenment of the country.

THE Solid South, with an array of Confederate Brigadiers in Congress and Northern Democratic allies, possess the House, into which the Presidential election is thrown if the Electoral College fails; and if it should happen that the election turned on a southern State the vote of which was for Hayes, it is perfectly understood that the House would throw out that vote upon prepared pretexts, and exercise its prerogative to elect a President by the votes of States. Senator Bayard, immediately after the election of this Congress, before it had assembled, refused to support a measure looking to greater public security in the Presidential election, or to propose a plan to save the country from the alarming complication of a disputed election—avowedly because he wanted his party to hold all the advantages they had in possession of the House and the chance of a contest.

THE Republicans have not carried Indiana at the October elections since 1868, and then their majority for Governor was only 961. So that in the extremely doubtful event of [illegible] the Republicans win [illegible] not be defeated.

# VICTORY!!

## OHIO 8,000 REPUBLICAN!

### WITH A GAIN OF FIVE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN.

### AN OFFICIAL COUNT NECESSARY IN INDIANA.

### HARRISON PROBABLY ELECTED.

### THREE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN GAINED IN INDIANA.

West Virginia Probably Democratic.

The result of the October elections, as far as learned up to the time of going to press, fully meet with our most sanguine expectations. Ohio has given a Republican majority of from 6,000 to 8,000. We also gain in that State five Congressmen, making the delegation stand 12 Republicans to 8 Democrats, instead of 13 Democrats to 7 Republicans, as in the last Congress. This alone is a substantial triumph. Indiana is a conceded Democratic State, but even there they have hardly been able to hold their own It is probable that Harrison, the Republican candidate for Governor, is elected by a small majority. But whether the State has been carried one way or the other, the result is a substantial Republican triumph. Three Republican Congressmen have been gained, and the Democracy have lost the battle even if their dilapidated blue "breeches" squeezes into the Gubernatorial chair. West Virginia has probably gone democratic.

We have captured the outposts, now for the final charge all along the line.

THE Democratic press unwisely show that the interests of their party are in the direction of business depression, by referring to the general statement of the press that business is reviving as though it were a Republican campaign plea. The New York Herald will not be classed by any one as a Republican journal, yet it editorially says of the situation: "It is remarkable that a general revival of trade should take place in the midst and heat of a Presidential canvass, when usually, even in good times, trade suffers and becomes slack. If this business revival were felt only in the Eastern cities it might properly be called one of the effects of the Centennial Exhibition But trade is awakening and confidence reviving sensibly West as well as East. St. Louis journals note a large increase of country buyers and a generally active trade. Cincinnati and other Western cities report greater activity in trade than has been known since 1873 From New Orleans we hear that the new cotton crop coming into market has a marked effect upon business. New England reports hopeful efforts toward establishing an export trade. Wool which has been dull for a long time, finds sale again. The Pittsburgh papers speak cheerfully, even of the iron trade, which has been the most depressed of all. There are, it seems, indications of an improving business in iron." Thus from all points of the country, the same intelligence comes,—that business is reviving, and trade prospects brightening. Thus we have evidence that this is not a Republican campaign story, but a solid fact that cannot be denied.

## THE SOUTH SOLID FOR MONEY.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS BEFORE CONGRESS PILE UP HIGHER THAN THE NATIONAL DEBT.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Studious endeavors have been made to mislead the public as to the amount of claims which were introduced in the House of Representatives last Winter. Democratic speakers maintain that no considerable number of claims was passed. This is so, but it was an electioneering trick. These bills were purposely and avowedly withheld until after the Presidential campaign The official books of the House have not been accessible to Republicans, but from advance sheets of *The Congressional Record* of the session it is now possible to give the number and the amount of these claims definitely. The result is astounding.

The total sum proposed to be appropriated is $100,000 more than our entire national debt, and amounts to $2,500,622,396 This was done at the first session of the present Congress in one house. The classification of these claims is as follows: Rebuilding levees on the Mississippi River, $5250000; rebuilding bridges in West Virginia, $2,60,000; refund of cotton tax, $68,072,000; supplies used or destroyed, $1,205,163,000; use and occupation of property, $1,205,163,000; return of proceeds of captured property, $2,000,000; refund and remission of direct tax, $5,153,886; disloyal mail contractors, $350,000; disloyal claimants, under the repeal of Section 3,480 of the Revised Statutes, [illegible]; private relief [illegible] $4,770,500; total $2,500,622,396.

## INGERSOLL'S WAR DREAM.

A Thrilling Burst of Genuine Eloquence.

When Colonel Ingersoll faced his old comrades, the Boys in Blue, at the Indianapolis Convention, the inspiration of the occasion caused him to give impromptu utterance to the following eloquent, touching and pathetic passage. We have never read anything of the kind equal to it. It proves him to be a natural-born orator of the highest order.

He was recalling the scenes of the war, and said:

The past rises before me like a dream Again we are in the great struggle for national life. We hear the sounds of preparation—the music of the boisterous drums—the silver voices of heroic bugles. We see thousands of assemblages, and hear the appeals of orators; we see the pale cheeks of women, and the flushed faces of men; and in those assemblages we see all the dead whose dust we have covered with flowers. We lose sight of them no more. We are with them when they enlist in the great army of freedom. We see them part from those they love. Some are walking for the last time in quiet woody places with the maidens they adore. We hear the whisperings, and the sweet vows of eternal love as they lingeringly part forever. Others are bending over cradles, kissing babies that are asleep. Some are receiving the blessings of old men Some are parting with those who hold them and press them to their hearts again and again, and say nothing; and some are talking with wives, and endeavoring with brave words spoken in the old tones to drive from their hearts the awful fear. We see them part. We see the wife standing in the door, with the babe in her arms,—standing in the sunlight sobbing,—at the turn of the road a hand waves,—she answers by holding high in her loving hands the child. He is gone and forever.

We see them all as they march proudly away under the flaunting flags, keeping time to the wild, grand music of war,—marching down the streets of the great cities,—through the towns and across the prairies,—down to the fields of glory, to do and to die for the eternal right.

We go with them one and all. We are by their side on all the gory fields—in all the hospitals of pain—on all the weary marches We stand guard with them in the wild storm and under the quiet stars. We are with them in ravines running with blood,—in the furrows of old fields We are with them between contending hosts, unable to move wild with thirst, the life ebbing slowly away among the withered leaves. We see them pierced by balls and torn by shells in the trenches by forts, and in the whirlwind of the charge, where men become iron, with nerves of steel.

We are with them in the prisons of hatred and famine, but human speech can never tell what they endured

The past rises before us. We hear the roar and shriek of bursting shell. The broken fetters fall. These heroes died. We look. Instead of slaves we see men, and women, and children. The wand of progress touches the auction block, the slave-pen, the whipping post, and we see homes and firesides, school houses and books, and where all was want, and crime, and cruelty, and fetters, we see the faces of the free.

These heroes are dead. They died for liberty—they died for us. They are at rest. They sleep in the land they made free, under the flag they rendered stainless, under the solemn pines, the sad hemlock, the tearful willows, and the embracing vines. They sleep beneath the shadows of the clouds, careless alike of the sunshine or of storm, each in the windowless palace of rest. Earth may run red with other wars—they are at peace. In the midst of battle, in the roar of conflict, they found the serenity of death. [A voice—'Glory.'] I have one sentiment for the soldiers living and dead—cheers for the living, and tears for the dead

# ELECTION NOTICE.

# PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, In and by the thirteenth section of the Act of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2, 1839, entitled "An act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth," it is enjoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected in pursuance thereof, I, C. S. KING, Sheriff of the county of McKean, do therefore make known, and give this public notice to the electors of said county of McKean, that a General Election will be held in said county of the FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, being the seventh day of the month, in the several election districts therein.

And as directed by the thirteenth section of the act, July 2, 1839, I hereby give notice that every person excepting the Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or other, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city or commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

[illegible] the first section of the act of March 30, 1866:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth at all general township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

And whereas, by virtue of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania adopted December 16, 1873.

Every male citizen 21 years of age, possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections: *First.*—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. *Second.*—He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election. *Third.*—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. *Fourth.*—If twenty-two years of age, or upward he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SECTION 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections, and in going to and returning therefrom.

WHEREAS, The fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SECTION 1 The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

AND WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States, on the 31st of March, 1870, passed an act entitled "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States, to vote in the several States of the Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

BE IT ENACTED, &c., That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people of any state, territory, district, city county, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of color, race, or previous condition of servitude, any constitution, law custom usage or regulation of any State or territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That if, by or under the constitution or laws of any state or the laws of any territory, an act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites or to become qualified to vote it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, and if any such persons or officers shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned not less than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, it is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States that "This Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof shall be the supreme law of the land, anything in the Constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding."

I also make known the following provisions of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

### ARTICLE VIII

*Suffrage and Election.*

Also, the following sections of an act entitled, "A further supplement to the act regulating the elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 30th day of January, 1874

SECTION 4. On the petition of five or more citizens of any election district, setting forth that the appointment of any overseers is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of the election in said district, it shall be the duty of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, all law judges of the said court able to act at the time concurring, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the said district belonging to different political parties as overseers of election to supervise the proceedings of election officers therein, and to make report [illegible] and proper disposition of the case.

SECTION 8. At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors whose duty it shall be to have in custody the register of voters and to make the entries therein required by law, and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SECTION 9. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot, every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the lists of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector may have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act shall, before entering upon their duties be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judges shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officer so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of an oath without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 10. On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born, that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years or upwards, paid a State or County tax within two years, which was assessed at least one month before the election The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid, and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed or that he has never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state, when and where and by what court he was naturalized and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination.

But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the State one year or if a native born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district immediately preceding such election, he shall not be required to have paid taxes The said affidavit of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the Prothonotary, and shall remain on the file therewith in the Prothonotary's office, subject to the examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age" where he claims to vote on age; the same words to be added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SECTION 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of same certificate, except where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they, and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court, but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate

SECTION 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by the law, this or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall upon conviction be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offence to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and then in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign, or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement of the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for the information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally paper and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. * * *

All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town or village or city, upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall before 12 o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return sheet, to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection.

All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like officers are compensated by existing laws.—Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authority of any city, county, township or borough for the safe keeping of the ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, [illegible] boxes containing the tickets, lists of voters and other papers [illegible] the Court of Common Pleas [illegible] after the same together with the [illegible] keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall be severally sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being sworn [illegible] open the said boxes and [illegible] the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein before proceeding to hold such election.

Also section 3 of the act approved the 13th day of February, 1874

SECTION 3. In all elections hereafter the certificate of naturalization, if genuine, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts mentioned therein and where the persons offering to vote claims the right of payment of tax, the receipt for such tax if signed by the proper officer, shall be the evidence thereof if such persons desire it produce such receipt; then the payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, or other evidence, stating when, where and to whom the tax was paid

The qualified electors of the county of McKean will hold their elections in the several districts as follows:

The township of Annin at the river school house

The borough of Smethport at the Court House in Smethport.

The borough of Bradford at the school house in Bradford village

The township of Bradford at the school house in Tarport

The township of Ceres at house of E. J Barber

The township of Corydon at Coffee Run school house

The township of Eldred at Eldred hotel.

The township of Hamlin at school house near J. L. B White's

The township of Hamilton at the school house near Isaiah Morrison's

The township of Keating at the Court House in Smethport

The township of Liberty at hotel of Mrs. Sallie Palmer

The township of Lafayette in school house at Lafayette corners.

The township of Norwich at the house of C. R. Burdick.

The township of Otto in the school house at Dukes Centre.

The township of Sergeant at what is known as the "old school house."

The township of Wetmore at school house in the village of Kane

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m., and closed at 7 o'clock p m

At which time and place the qualified electors as aforesaid will vote by ballot for:

Twenty-nine persons for Presidential Electors.
One person for Representative in Congress
One person for State Senator.
One person for Assemblyman
Two persons for Associate Judges
One person for Jury Commissioner.
One person for Coroner

Given under my hand and seal at Smethport this second day of October A. D 1876, and in the one hundredth year of the Independence of the United States.

SEAL

C. S. KING,
Sheriff.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT** of Smethport School District for the school year ending June 1, 1876

| | Dr | |
|---|---|---|
| D L Forsyth, Treasurer, | | |
| To amount due District at last settlement | $473 33 | |
| To State Appropriation for year ending June 1, 1876 | 127 41 | |
| To amount from taxes from Duplicate June 1, 1876 | 1805 74 | |
| To amount from Co Commissioners since last report. | 200 00 | |
| To amount from loans since last report | 700 00 | |
| To amount from other sources | 49 32 | |
| Total | | $3445 80 |
| | Cr | |
| D L Forsyth, Treasurer. | | |
| By amount of order paid | $1011 70 | |
| By Collect'r fees and commission as Treasurer | 76 04 | |
| By debts and interest paid | 922 83 | |
| Total | | $2010 57 |
| Balance due district | | $535 23 |
| Bonds outstanding and unpaid | | $7500 |
| Cash in hands of Treasurer to redeem bonds | | $535 23 |

L. ROGERS, President.

I S GLEASON, Secy.

An now, Sept. 19, 1876, We, the Auditors of Smethport Borough approve of the above statement.

M A SPRAGUE, }
THOS. KING, } Auditors.

# The Latest Edition!

## Important News.

## Great Fall in Dry Goods!

AT FRANK N. TAYLOR'S STORE.

Having just returned from the Eastern cities with an IMMENSE STOCK of Spring and Summer Goods carefully selected from the

**Latest and Newest Styles,**

and bought with especial reference to the wants of my customers, and at bottom prices, I can offer every line of goods at bargains never before equalled in McKean County.

My stock is complete in every line, comprising

**DRY GOODS,**

Prints, Linens and Silks,

**READY-MADE CLOTHING,**

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, NOTIONS

CARPETS, WALL PAPER, OIL CLOTHS,

with many other articles too numerous to mention. Give me a call, and I will guarantee satisfaction both in prices and goods.

FRANK N. TAYLOR.

# M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

# HARDWARE

SMETHPORT, PA.,

The following List comprises some of the many articles constantly on hand:

Adzes
Axes
Augurs
Augur Bits
Awls
Axle clips
Axle grease
Apple parers
Barn door hinges
Barn door rails
Barn door rollers
Base knobs
Bath brick
Bed casters
Bell cords
Beef pounders
Bells
Bench hooks
Bench screws
Bevels
Bits
Blacking
Blind butts
Blind staples
Bolts, all kinds
Boot jacks
Borax
Boring machines
Brushes
Buckets
Bull rings
Butts, all kinds
Candle sticks
Cake turners
Calipers
Caps, percussion
Carpet stretchers
Cartridges
Castors
catches
Cattle leaders
Chain, all kinds
Chalk lines
Chalk
Crayons
Chisels, all kinds
Clamps
Cleavers
Clothes lines
Clothes wringers
Coal hods
Coffee mills
Corn cutters
Corn poppers
Crow bars
Curry combs
Curtain pins
Cutlery
Dippers
Dividers
Dog collars
Draw shaves
Egg beaters.
Expansive bits
Faucets
Felloe plates
Files
Fluting machines
Forks all kinds
Freezers
Fry pans
Gate hinges
Gauges
Gimlets
Glazier's point
Glue
Glue pots
Grain sickles
Gridirons
Gunpowder
Grindstones
Gun nipples
Hammers
Hand vises
Handles all kinds
Hasps and staples
Hatchets
Hay knives
Hinges all kinds
Hoes
Hooks all kinds
Horse pokes
Horse rakes
Horse shoes
Iron all kinds—and Pinking, waffle and tuyere
Kettles
Keys
Knives
Lamps
Lanterns
Levels
Locks
Mallets
Match safes
Measuring tapes
Meat cutters
Molasses gates
Mop sticks
Mouse traps
Mowing machines
Nails
Oils
Oilers
Oil stones
Picks
Picture nails
Planes
Pulleys
Pumps
Plows
Rakes
Razors
Rivets
Ropes
Rules
Safety fuse
Sand paper
Sauce pans
Saws all kind
Scissors
Scoops, coal and [illegible]
Screw drivers
Screws
Scythes
Sheep shears
Shot
Shovels
Sieves
Spades
Spoons
Squares
Stoves
Tacks
Tea kettles
Tobacco boxes
Toe calks
Tongs
Trowels
Tin ware, all kinds
Vises
Varnish
Wad cutters
Washers
Whiffletree hooks
White lead
Wrenches, Monkey
Wheel barrows &c., &c.

Also Agent for the reliable **Grover & Baker** S. M. Co. Call and see late improvements, &c., on this machine.

SMETHPORT

# Graded School

THE FALL TERM of the Smethport Graded School opened

**Monday, Sept. 18, 1876,**

*RATES OF TUITION.*

In the Primary School per term - - - $3 00
" Intermediate " " - - - $5 00
" High " " - - - $6 00

No extra charge for the Languages

All bills for tuition payable in advance.

For information regarding terms, &c. address or call upon

PROF. H. B. FARMER,
Principal.

# MILLINERY

AND

# FANCY GOODS

Mrs. W. D Gallup has opened a store for the sale of Millinery and Ladies' Fancy Goods, in the building

OPPOSITE THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

She will at all times keep on hand the

BEST AND MOST SEASONABLE GOODS,

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

MADAME FOY'S CORSETS A SPECIALTY.

Orders for DRESSMAKING filled with promptness and good taste.

MRS. W. D. GALLUP.
Smethport, Pa. Sept. 14, 1876.-46-1y

# PATTERSON.

# JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the MINER Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 13, 1875.

# NEW BOOT & SHOE SHOP.

S. M. LYMAN having opened a Boot & Shoe Shop in J. G. Eaton's building, on Mechanic Street, is prepared to do all work in his line in a prompt and satisfactory manner and at bottom prices for ready pay only. Ladies and Gents' fine work a specialty. Repairing done prompt, nice and cheap.

S. M. LYMAN.

46-tf

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 13, 1876.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

### TO SUBSCRIBERS.

*The subscription price of the Miner is $2.00 per year, or $1.50 if paid in advance. Subscribers wishing the paper at $1.50 must pay in advance, or not later than three months after the expiration of their subscription.*

### Churches.

*METHODIST.*—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m. Preaching at Norwich at 2 p. m., and at Clermont at 6 p. m., every other Sabbath. And Preaching at Lole Creek at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

*BAPTIST.*—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

*EPISCOPAL.*—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 1st and 3d Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

FOR SALE.—W. S. Brownell has for sale a new lumber wagon, which he will sell cheap, for cash or approved credit.

LOST.—A black silk sun umbrella. The finder will very greatly oblige the wife of the editor of this paper by returning it to this office. No reward offered.

SELECT READING.—Mrs. Belle W. Henneman will give select readings at the Court House next Saturday evening, the 14th inst. Admission 15 cents.

PROFESSIONAL.—Dr. E. G. Brown has left Clermont, and now has his headquarters at Smethport, where he holds himself in readiness to attend promptly to all calls in his profession in any part of the county.

BASE BALL.—A lively game of base ball was played on Saturday between the Centennials, of Norwich, and the Unknown second nine of this place, on the grounds of the former. The game resulted in a score of 24 runs for the Unknowns and 10 for the Centennials. The boys have good reason to feel quite elated over their victory.

POTTER DEMOCRATIC TICKET.—The Democratic County Convention of Potter county nominated the following ticket last week.

Representative—C. Hollenbeck.
Associate Judges—J. O. Potter and N. H. Rice.
Jury Commissioner—Amos Raymond.

The Journal says, "it would seem to have been justice to the Democratic voters to have placed at least one prominent and live Democrat, in a leading position on the ticket, but as long as others are satisfied, we can't complain."

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—The Convention of Congressional conferees of this district was postponed until Tuesday of this week. The McKean delegates, Messrs. [illegible] Rogers, M. A. Sprague and H. F. Barbour, started for Williamsport, the place of meeting, Monday evening. There is likely to be no dearth of candidates, as there is one presented from every county excepting Tioga. The district is not so overwhelmingly republican but that the Convention [illegible] to make an unwise or unpopular choice, and it is hoped that the conferees will act with wisdom and discretion.

B. N. Y. & P. RAILROAD ELECTION.—The annual election for Directors of the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia Railroad held last week Wednesday resulted in the choice of the following gentlemen:

Bronson C. Rumsey,
Wm. H. Glenny,
Wm. G. Fargo,
Cyrus Clarke,
F. P. Schoellkopf,
Lucius D. Bu[illegible],
Sherman S. Jewett,
C. J. Hamlin,
George J. Magee,
George B. Gates,
James Bayley,
Thomas Clark,
James H. Metcalfe.

The Board subsequently met, and elected Sherman S. Jewett, Esq., President of the company, and George B. Gates, Esq., Vice President.

AN EXPENSIVE TONGUE.—Readers of the Buffalo papers will remember the somewhat sensational slander suit which excited so much attention in that city last winter, of Levin vs. Goodrich. A Mrs. Goodrich took occasion to use her tongue rather too freely regarding the "character" of Miss Levin, a teacher in one of the public schools. Miss Levin brought suit against her slanderer, and obtained satisfaction in the shape of a judgment for $3,000. A few days ago the property of Mrs. Goodrich, to the aggregate value of not less than $12,000, was sold at Sheriff sale to satisfy the judgment, and bid in by Miss Levin's attorney, for $3,700. The gossippy Goodrich has abundant reason to conclude that the tongue is an expensive as well as unruly member.

### Horse-Shoeing.

C. N. Cleveland has opened a shop in Buhl's Mill-yard, where he promises to do horse-shoeing and forging of all kinds as well, if not better, than it is done elsewhere in town.

RATES OF PRICES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Setting shoes | 15 cents. |
| Sharpening shoes | 15 " |
| Toeing & setting | 15 " |
| New shoes | 35 " |

Jobbing done in proportion with these prices. n13-2t

### Buggies! Buggies!

J. L. Nourse is agent for the sale of buggies manufactured at Arcade, which he is able and willing to guarantee as first class in quality and make. They are warranted to be all manufactured of second growth hickory and well made in every particular. One especial advantage that is claimed for them is their cheapness in price, which is a point worth looking at in these times. Call upon the agent if you are in want of a buggy.

### Dressmaking.

Mrs. O. C. Kahler is prepared to do all kinds of plain and fancy dressmaking in the latest styles and at reasonable prices, at her residence on Green street. Give her a call. 41-3m

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

— Apples are quoted at 20 cents a bushel in Buffalo.

— Dyptheria is reported to be raging in Bradford. Many cases proving fatal.

— Chestnuts are selling in the Buffalo markets at ten and fifteen cents a quart.

— The first savings bank was founded by a woman—Priscilla Wakefield.

— Seventy tracts of unseated land in Luzerne county were sold for taxes last week.

— John I. Mitchell, of Tioga, was nominated for Congress in this district at Williamsport on Tuesday.

— D. A. Easterbrook, Esq., has been on the sick list for a week, but is now able to be out and around.

— One by one they are gathered in. Tweed's old partner, E. A. Woodward, has been arrested in Chicago.

— Wonder if the owner of that unsightly pile of brick in the Court House square will remove it before snow flies?

— One may travel far before he can find a lovelier Autumn view, than is spread out before the windows of the MINER office.

— Jack Frost has worked with a will of late. As a result, the trees are being rapidly arrayed in their gorgeous Autumn robes.

— The first snow storm of the season—the advance guard of winter visited us yesterday morning. The ground was white with snow.

— The new residence being built by Wm. Specht is rapidly approaching completion, and will be one of the finest residences in the borough.

— Dress, used with taste and judgment, enhances beauty. Ladies, you will find both taste and judgment displayed in the "Domestic Fashions".

— The Oil City Derrick says the oil region of the State is worth twenty millions of dollars more at the present time than it was three months ago.

— Lewis Butterfield has shown us a mammoth cucumber of his own raising that measured a yard and six inches in length. How is that for a cucumber?

— The democrats of the Twentieth Congressional district, comprising the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton Elk, Mifflin and Union, have nominated L. A. Mackey for Congress.

— As the season for base ball passes away so the season for other balls commences. It is always ball the whole year around. It is no wonder that there are so many bald headed young men.

— The statue of Christopher Columbus, procured by the Italians residing in the United States, will be unveiled in Philadelphia to-day. After 384 years of patient waiting, Columbus has got his monument.

— We learn that our late Milliner of this borough Miss Kate Taylor, is very ill at Athens, Pa., and those owing her will do her a great favor by calling on P. Ford and paying their bills, as she is very much in need of it now.

— An unoccupied dwelling house, opposite the depot, belonging to P. Ford Esq., was destroyed by fire on Monday night. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. It was a total loss as there was no insurance.

— Among the many improvements of Smethport, one cannot fail to notice and appreciate the new street lamps. It was a want long felt, and greatly needed, and those public spirited citizens who furnish them deserve the thanks of the entire borough.

— The Western New York and the East Genesee Conferences have united in one body. The ceremony of union took place in Rochester, where the latter conference was in session. The new conference is to be called the Genesee Conference.

— The County Commissioners were in session last Saturday, and decided as a measure of safety to have the cupola on the Court House removed immediately. Some of the timbers in the structure are badly decayed, and it is considered decidedly insecure. C. M. Dates has the contract of removing it.

— The railroad employees at Renovo have suffered a good deal for the past three years by the contraction of the working force and the time in the railroad shops at that place. But week ago last Saturday nine hours work for all hands was ordered. The Record thinks they have passed through their darkest hours.

— The editor of the MINER left his post of duty Monday evening and has not been seen since. Democratic politicians and betting men are therefore entitled to give full rein to their imaginations in regard to the authorship of the editorials and locals of this issue.

— The editor of the Potter Enterprise claims at the hands of the Republicans of Potter county the merit of defeating Mr. Rogers for the Senate. He says his indecent assault upon Rogers two weeks ago is what did the business, and as an illustration repeats the dose. Bah! Get out, you dirty dog.

— A company has been formed in Allegany for the purpose of putting down another test well. They propose to put down one or more wells near the head of Four Mile Run, and but a short distance from Rock City. Contracts for building the derrick and drilling the well have been let. So says the Olean Times.

— The Republicans of Mapleton, Ceres township have had another enthusiastic Pole raising, to replace the one cut down by the Democrats a few weeks ago, an account of which was published in the MINER. The affair passed off very pleasantly. J. Dusenbury, of Portville, was the orator, and two good bands furnished music for the occasion. The pole stands 100 feet from the ground.

— Much has been said of the enormous consumption of tobacco, and yet you will be surprised to find how few men use it when your supply gives out and you ask for a chew.

— Judge Ross of Emporium came in town the other day bringing with him a prisoner, handcuffed, whom he had taken for George Adams. As he bore not the slightest resemblance to the escaped criminal, he was speedily released. He was arrested merely from his own idle boasting that he had broken jail at Smethport. He was intoxicated.

— A Mining company at Emporium having put down a well for petroleum 1,004 feet, without getting it, met last week to wind up their affairs. A hole in the ground a thousand feet deep is one of the poorest assets, compared with the cost of its production, that it is possible to conceive of, and this the Emporium company fully appreciate.—St. Marys Gazette.

— The indecent and uncalled for attack of the Potter Enterprise, on Lucius Rogers, of McKean county, came very near nominating that gentleman for the Senate. If it had been made earlier, and been repeated two or three times, we have no doubt Mr. Rogers would have been our next Senator—as the sympathies of all decent men in this community were aroused for Mr. R. by the coarse abuse of the Democratic organ of this county.—Potter Journal.

— We understand that Geo. T. [illegible] and Dr. S. D. Freeman started on Monday on the long contemplated trip to Texas and New Mexico. They will probably be absent six weeks or more. We heartily wish them a pleasant and profitable trip, and the further pleasure of returning to the States to witness the increased business prosperity of the nation, the entire removal of financial depression, and the bright assurance of honest money, good government and universal good will fully realized by the election of Hayes and Wheeler.

— The friends of Rev. J. L. Rushbridge will be deeply pained to hear of the sad affliction that has overtaken him in his western home. Death has entered his family and taken his eldest child Annie, whom all will remember as an exceedingly bright intelligent girl, and one whose many lovable qualities endeared her to young and old. Mr. and Mrs. Rushbridge have the heart felt sympathy of their many friends, in this community, in their great bereavement.

— The Pittsburg Telegraph recently published the following item:

A well-known Pittsburgher, now a resident of New York, wants to bet some good, reliable Democrat $20,000 that Hayes will carry New York State, and $20,000 that Hayes will be elected the next President—both bets to be taken together. Any man or men meaning business can leave his or their address at the counting room of the Evening Telegraph, and the same will be immediately forwarded to New York.

— All lovers of justice will rejoice to learn that one of the criminals who escaped from the jail, Leroy Taylor, has been retaken, through the vigilance and perseverance of Sheriff King. Having reason to believe that reports had reached Taylor that no great effort would be made to recapture him, and believing that he would soon relax his watchfulness and return to his family, Mr. King stopped over at Port Allegany, Monday evening on his return from the Centennial, to reconnoitre. Taking a horse and buggy, he drove out in the evening to the vicinity of Taylor's house, left his horse in the woods, and watched the house till he saw Taylor go in. He then walked quietly in, put his hand upon the man, with the words, "Taylor, I want you," before any of the family knew of his approach. Mr. King was without any weapon of defence whatever, but Taylor made no resistance, and the Sheriff was happy to introduce him to his old quarters on Tuesday.

### Died.

On Wednesday morning, Sept. 27th, of [illegible], at [illegible], Annie, [illegible] daughter of Rev. J. L. and Mrs. M. A. Rushbridge, aged [illegible] years, 7 months and 10 days.

The sad news [illegible] a pall over many young hearts in this city. Annie was a remarkably intelligent and agreeable girl. She was universally beloved by both young and old. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of the entire community.

"Blessed are they that mourn: for they shall be comforted."—Matt. 5, 4.—Winfield (Kansas) Courier.

### What Physicians Think.

Many eminent physicians use People's Remedies in their private practice, being able to get more certain and speedy curative effects from them than from anything they can extemporize for their difficult cases. The following from Dr. A. F. Jennings, of New York City, under date of Dec. 23, 1871, who has long enjoyed one of the largest practices of any physician in this State, speaks for the medical testimony, as to the solid curative value of one of these Remedies.

I certify that I am acquainted with the formula and mode of manufacture of Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic and have used it in practice. It is a strictly scientific compound of the most efficient known vegetable agents for the various affections for which it is recommended. I have no hesitation in saying that its efficacy in relieving and curing the various chronic diseases he mentions in connection with it far surpasses anything I have ever met with or known, during a twenty years extensive practice of medicine. It is successfully administered to so large a number of diseases because it operates by way of restoring the great central organs of life, viz. the stomach, liver, kidneys, skin, bowels, lungs, nervous system and blood—from a derangement of some one or more of which these various diseases take their rise. In other words it operates on the causes of these various diseases, hence they yield of necessity.

A. F. JENNINGS, M. D.

Manufactured by Dr. M. M. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y. Sold by all dealers in medicines and by A. B. Armstrong, agent for Smethport.

— The carriage business in New York is so brisk that the manufacturers have to send to other cities and towns for additional vehicles to meet the demand. This is another indication of better times.

— If the proprietor of James' Cough Pills would advertise his medicines as patent medicine men usually do he might become one among the richest men in the United States. When known they become a staple article and will never run down in the market. The Proprietor ought to take means to have this medicine universally known for the benefit of mankind.

WONDERFUL IN ITS RESULTS.—There is no medicine that has accomplished so much as *Shiloh's Consumption Cure*. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and all Lung diseases it has no equal. No medicine was ever sold on such favorable terms. If it was unreliable it would be the greatest folly to guarantee it. It costs nothing to try it as it can be returned if it does not give satisfaction after using two-thirds of a bottle. Call at Armstrong's store and get a sample bottle for 10 cents, or a regular size for fifty cents or $1.00.

*S. C. WELLS, Sole Prop'r LeRoy, N. Y.*

*"HACKMETACK"* a new and delightful Perfume sold by A. B. Armstrong. 13-31 eow6m

### A Card
### *TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC.*

For many years we have made two medicines suited to the ailments of a vast class of sufferers. Thousands of cures have been made by them, and, in fact, the word failure could never be coupled with them. But within the last two years counterfeits of our medicines have sprung up dangerous in their close imitation of our Trade Mark. To secure the people we have placed upon each genuine box of Holloway's Pills and Holloway's Ointment the fac simile of the signature of our Agent, Mr. Jos. Haydock. We shall relentlessly pursue any one who imitates this with the utmost vigor of the law. We most earnestly beg that the great mass of the American people will aid us in our efforts to protect their health, and help us in our task of bringing these most unprincipled men to the bar of justice. Uniformly refuse to purchase Medicines purporting to be ours unless Mr. Jos. Haydock's signature is attached to each Box of Pills or Pot of Ointment and the end will soon be reached.

The public's obedient servants
HOLLOWAY & CO.
44-3t

### Notice.

*To whom it may concern:*
You are hereby notified that we have bought one cow, one cook-stove, one bureau, one table, one churn, of Michael Tracy, of Sergeant township, McKean Co., and all persons are notified not to meddle with them as we have only left them with the said Michael Tracy for a time.

HAMLIN & TOWNSEND.
Clermont, Pa., Oct. 10, 1876. 49-3t

### Strayed

Strayed from the premises of Wm. Smith, on Howard Hill, Hamlin township, about five weeks ago, five Calves. Two red steer calves with white spot in forehead, one white heifer calf, one spotted heifer calf, and one red bull calf. Any person giving information as to the whereabouts of said calves, or returning the same, will be liberally rewarded by the undersigned.

WM. SMITH.
Howard Hill, M'Kean Co. Pa. Oct. 11, 1876.
50-3t

Came to the premises of the subscriber on or about the first of August, 1876, three yearling heifers, said heifers are all red, one has a white spot in the forehead.

LEWIS BARTON.
Otto, McKean Co. Pa. Sept. 25, 1876. 48-3t

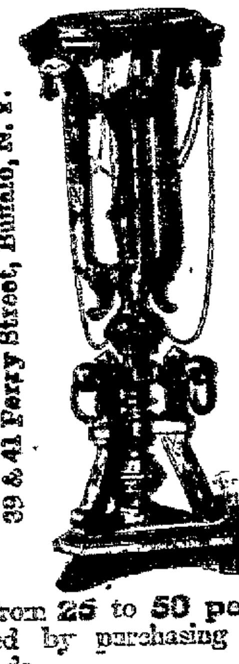
Strayed into the pasture of C. H. Crosby, of Norwich township, a red and white two year old Heifer, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.

C. H. CROSBY.
47-3t

**BILLIARDS!**

Having opened a Billiard Parlor over
J. P. WENDELL'S STORE, ON MAIN ST.,
I would solicit the patronage of Gentlemen who enjoy a
**Quiet Game of Billiards**
free from annoyance or disturbance.
NO DRINKING OR GAMBLING
will be permitted on the premises, and every thing will be conducted decently and in order.
I will also furnish
**OYSTERS**
in any style or quantity desired, on short notice. Also
**Cigars and Tobacco.**
NEW CIDER NOW ON DRAUGHT.
Give me a call and you shall be treated well.
48-tf *JABEZ BECKWITH.*

FOR
PARLOR AND
BEDROOM
**FURNITURE,**
Go to the Manufactory of



ALBERT BEST & CO.
39 & 41 Perry Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

From 25 to 50 per cent. saved by purchasing of First Hands
**ALBERT BEST & CO.**
*39 & 41 Perry St.*
(HEAD FOOT OF MAIN ST.)
Buffalo, N. Y.
46-1y

## MARK THESE FACTS!
### THE TESTIMONY OF THE WHOLE WORLD.
### HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

**Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers.**

ALL description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as salt is forced into meat. This will cause the malignant humors to be drained off from the hand, swollen, and discolored parts about the wound, sore or ulcer, and when these humors are removed, the wounds themselves will soon heal; warm bread and water poultices applied over the affected parts, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, will soothe and soften the same and greatly assist the cure. There is a description of ulcer, sore and swellings which need not be named here, attendant upon the follies of youth, and for which this Ointment is urgently recommended as a sovereign remedy. In curing such go onous sores it never fails to restore the system to a healthy state if the Pills be taken according to the printed instructions.

**Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.**

Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate, and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the unguent in the above manner for the diseases named or any similar disorders affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved as by a charm. All sufferers from these complaints should envelope the throat at bedtime in a large bread and water poultice, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, it will greatly assist the cure of the throat and chest. To allay the fever and lessen the inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The Ointment will produce perspiration, the grand essential in all cases of fevers, sore throats, or where there might be an oppression of the chest, either from asthma or other causes.

**Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.**

The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then the most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected part, but it must be well rubbed in for a considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

**Indiscretions of Youth;—Sores and Ulcers.**

Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills taken night and morning, as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another, whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time with the use of the Pills to insure a lasting cure.

**Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.**

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the affected parts, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

*BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:*

Bad Legs,
Bad Breasts,
Burns,
Bunions,
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies,
Coco-bay,
Chiego-foot,
Chilblains,
Chapped Hands,
Corns (soft),
Cancers,
Contracted and Stiff Joints,
Elephantiasis,
Fistulas,
Gout,
Glandular Swellings,
Lumbago,
Piles,
Rheumatism,
Scalds,
Sore Nipples,
Sore Throats,
Skin Diseases,
Scurvy,
Sore Heads,
Tumors,
Ulcers,
Wounds,
Yaws.

**Caution.** None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Prof. HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, in pots at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

### Notice.

*To whom it may concern.*
Having purchased all the household goods, beds, bedding, furniture, &c., of all kinds whatever in and about the Railroad Company Boarding House, lately occupied by J. W. Corbett; also one gray horse, one buggy, one single harness, and three cows. Having leased the same to John A. Mell, we forbid all persons from interfering with or purchasing the same.

G. M. JAMES,
Wm. H. GRIFFITH.
Kane, Pa., Sept. 20, 1876. 48-3t

J. G. EATON,
DEALER IN
**Heavy & Shelf Hardware,**
OILS, PAINTS,
GLASS, PUTTY,
TIN & WOODEN WARE
**New Store,**
Mechanic St., 2 doors south of Water
12-35 SMETHPORT, PA.

### McKEAN & BUFFALO R. R.
Takes effect July 3, 1876.
GOING NORTH.

| STATIONS. | Coal. | Mail. |
|---|---|---|
| Clermont | 6.30 p m | 1.30 p m |
| Wernwag | | 1.40 |
| Hamlin | | 1.52 |
| Colegrove | | 1.57 |
| Crosby | | 2.01 |
| Smethport | 7.25 | 2.20 |
| Farmers Va. | | 2.35 |
| Frisbees | | 2.47 |
| Larrabees | 8.00 p m | 2.57 p m |

GOING SOUTH.

| STATIONS. | Mail. | Coal. |
|---|---|---|
| Larrabee | 11.20 a m | 4.30 p m |
| Frisbees | 11.29 | 4.39 |
| Farmers Val. | 11.41 | 4.51 |
| Smethport | 11.57 | 5.05 |
| Crosby | 12.12 | 5.22 |
| Colegrove | 12.16 | 5.27 |
| Hamlin | 12.20 | 5.31 |
| Wernwag | 12.35 | 5.46 |
| Clermont | 12.45 p m | 5.56 p m |

S. V. GODDEN, Supt.

### BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'y
Takes effect July 3, 1876.
*Going South.*

| STATIONS. | Mail. | Express. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Buffalo | 7.25 a m | 5.15 p m | 8.30 a m |
| Olean | 10.31 | 8.30 | 4.35 |
| Eldred | 11.11 | 9.10 | |
| Larabees | 11.14 | 9.27 | 6.45 |
| Pt Allegany | 11.38 | 9.55 | |
| Emporium | 12.40 | 11.00 | |

*Going North.*

| STATIONS. | Express. | Express. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Emporium | 3.30 a m | 1.45 p m | |
| P't Allegany | 4.30 | 2.50 | |
| Larabees | 4.54 | 3.15 | 4.30 a m |
| Eldred | | | |
| Olean | 5.47 | 4.10 | 6.26 |
| Buffalo | 9.00 | 7.20 | 2.50 p |

## F. N. TAYLOR,
DEALER IN
# Dry Goods & Groceries,
## BRADFORD, PA.

I am prepared to offer special inducements in
DOMESTICS & DRESS GOODS,
UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, SOCKS,
And all other articles usually kept in a
**First Class Country Store.**
*I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY OTHER DEALERS*
☞ I respectfully invite the citizens of Bradford township to call and examine my goods and prices, and I guarantee satisfaction.
Frank N. Taylor.
13-41y

# R. O. SMITH & Co.
## OLEAN, N. Y.

**SPECIALTIES**

## DRESS GOODS.
BLACK SILKS,
BLACK CASHMERES,
COLORED CASHMERES,
CAMEL'S HAIR SUITINGS,
NOVELTIES IN ALL WOOL SUITINGS.

## CLOAKS & SHAWLS.
LARGE LINE OF READY-MADE CLOAKS,
LARGE LINE OF WOOL SHAWLS.

## WOOLENS.
COMPLETE STOCK OF BLACK BEAVERS,
NEW WOOLENS FOR LADIES' CLOAKS,
LARGE LINE OF FANCY WATER-PROOFS.

## CARPETS.
NEW LINES FALL PATTERNS AT REDUCED PRICES.

## BOOTS & SHOES.
VERY FULL ASSORTMENT IN ALL GRADES.

## DOMESTICS.
ALL AT VERY LOW PRICES.

**We are in shape to sell these Goods at prices below competition, and are demonstrating it daily.**

R. O. SMITH & CO.

**M. L. Armstrong,**
Dealer in

Agent for
*ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS*
in McKean County.
*Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.*

**A LECTURE**
**TO YOUNG MEN.**

*Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts*

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhoea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ *This lecture will prove a boon to thousands.*

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO
*41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box 4586.*
13-6my1

**COAL! COAL! COAL!**

Orders for coal, either hard or soft, left with S. V. Godden or B. A. McClure will receive prompt attention.

Rates of coal by the car or by the ton delivered in Smethport at any point in town.

HARD COAL.

| Size | By the ton. | By the car. |
|---|---|---|
| Grate | $6.90 | $6.70 |
| Egg | 6.90 | 6.70 |
| Stove | 7.00 | 6.80 |
| Chestnut | 6.80 | 6.60 |

SOFT COAL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lamp | $3.75 | $3.60 |
| R. of M. | 3.50 | 3.35 |
| Nut & Sla'k | 3.00 | 2.85 |

GODDEN & McCLURE.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 14, 1876. 46-tf

**Platform Wagons.**

I sell a wagon that is warranted. Should anything prove defective within one year from date of sale, caused by imperfect workmanship or material, the manufacturers will repair the same, or replace with new, *free of charge to the purchaser.* Try one.

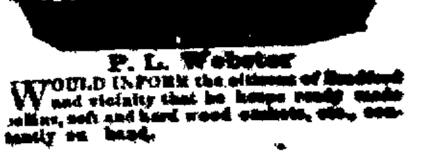
C. M. COLEGROVE,
Colegrove, Pa.
40-6m

**For Sale.**

One Store with a dwelling house attached, for sale with the entire stock of goods, consisting of a general assortment of Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions &c. Has a pleasant location in the village of Kane. Also one House and Lot, Barn, &c., all of which will be sold at the most reasonable terms.

Enquire of or address
O. D. COLEMAN,
Kane, McKean Co., Pa.
Kane, August 16, 1876.—tf

**Coffins and Caskets.**



**P. L. Webster**
WOULD INFORM the citizens of Bradford and vicinity that he keeps ready made coffins, soft and hard wood caskets, etc., constantly on hand.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING

DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Drugs, Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS,

Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY.

WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES,

Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES and LIQUORS, Etc.

*PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.*

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street,

Smethport, Pa.

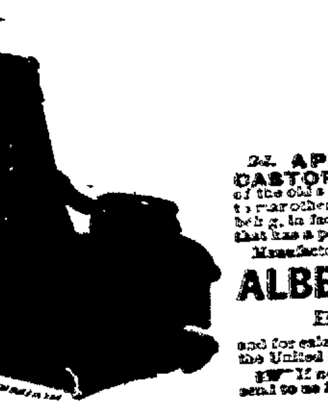
ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

TWO IMPORTANT INVENTIONS

OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE

1st. A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR, with an adjustable back,—made to support the back of the sitter while leaning forward in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple arrangement, which gives it a backward and at the same time a downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of his movements.



2d. A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS, with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bases of rooms, being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.,

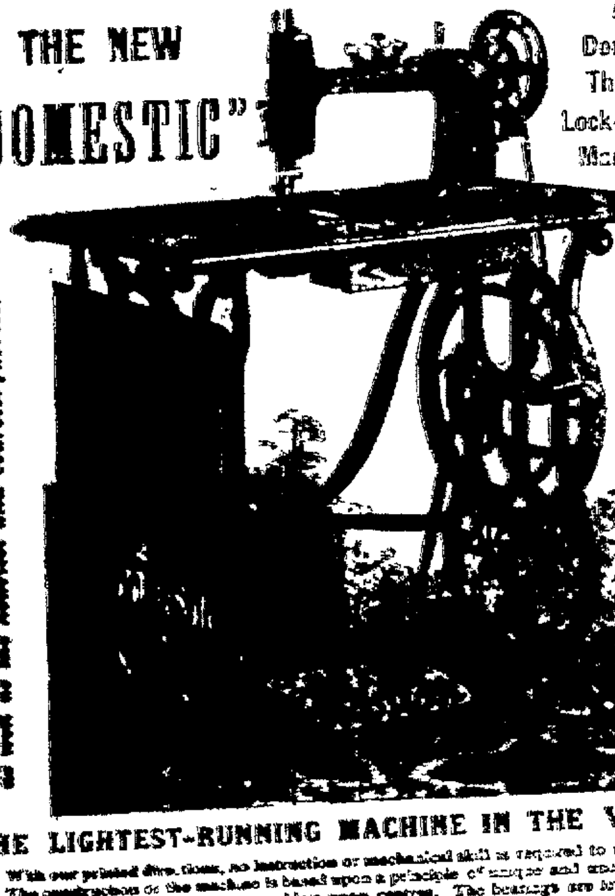
and for sale by the principal dealers throughout the United States.

☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE NEW "DOMESTIC"

A Double-Thread Lock-Stitch Machine.

It sews with great facility the lightest and finest as well as the heaviest and coarsest fabrics.



PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT as a machine that can be used without harm by any one, because it requires so little effort of any kind, it being

THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE WORLD.

With our printed directions, no instruction or mechanical skill is required to operate it. The construction of the machine is based upon a principle of unique and unequalled simplicity, comprising simple levers working upon centres. The bearings are few, and they are hardened and polished.

The machines are made at our new works in the city of Newark, N. J., with new special (patented) machinery and tools, constructed expressly to accomplish what we now offer.

*Every machine fully warranted.*

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO.,
New York and Chicago.

FASHIONS SAVINGS.—By using the "Domestic" Paper Fashions the most stylish and perfect-fitting costumes can be produced, at a large saving in MONEY to those who choose to make, or superintend the making of, their own garments. With the highest talent and the best facilities in all departments, and the best ideas of the most skilled artists, both at home and abroad, we are enabled to attain results far above the reach of the average designer. Our styles are always the latest and best. Our elegantly-illustrated catalogue mailed to any lady sending five cents with her address. Agents wanted everywhere.

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO.,
New York and Chicago.

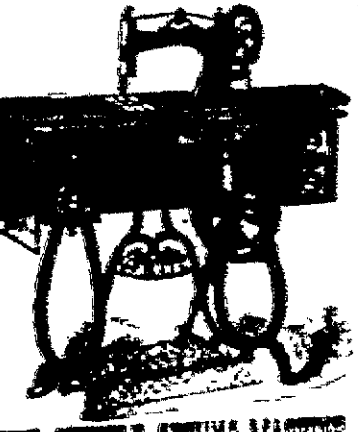
THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, one of the leading journals of Northern Pennsylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican [illegible]. Its circulation is very large and steadily increasing and as an Advertising Medium it has no superior in the Northern Counties of this State.

PERFECTION

ATTAINED AT LAST!

A TRIAL WILL INSURE ITS POPULARITY EVERYWHERE.



WHITE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

When once used will retain its place forever.

WE EXCHANGE MACHINES.

Send your old-fashioned, cumbersome, heavy-running, woman-killing machine to us, and we will allow you $25 for it, as part payment for one of ours.

IT IS CELEBRATED FOR ITS ADVANTAGES, IN THAT IT IS ONE OF THE LARGEST SEWING MACHINES MANUFACTURED,—ADAPTED ALIKE TO THE USE OF THE FAMILY OR THE WORKSHOP. IT HAS THE LARGEST SHUTTLE, WITH A BOBBIN THAT HOLDS ALMOST A SPOOL OF THREAD.

THE SHUTTLE TENSION IS ADJUSTABLE WITHOUT REMOVING THE SHUTTLE FROM THE MACHINE.

THIS MACHINE IS SO CONSTRUCTED THAT THE POWER IS APPLIED DIRECTLY OVER THE NEEDLE, THUS ENABLING IT TO SEW THE HEAVIEST MATERIAL WITH UNEQUALED EASE. IT IS VERY SIMPLE IN ITS CONSTRUCTION, DURABLE AS IRON AND STEEL CAN MAKE IT, ALL ITS WEARING PARTS CASE-HARDENED OR STEEL, AND INGENIOUSLY PROVIDED WITH MEANS FOR TAKING UP LOST MOTION, SO WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN

Warranting Every Machine for 3 Years.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST AND EASIEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE MARKET. IT IS, ALSO, THE MOST ELABORATELY ORNAMENTED AND PRETTIEST MACHINE EVER PRODUCED.

WITH ALL THESE ADVANTAGES, IT IS SOLD FROM $15 TO $25 LESS THAN OTHER FIRST-CLASS MACHINES.

EXCLUSIVE CONTROL OF TERRITORY GIVEN TO AGENTS.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR CASH OR ON CREDIT.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND TERMS TO

White Sewing Machine Co.,
358 Euclid Avenue,
CLEVELAND, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives — Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock — with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined, that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
*Practical and Analytical Chemists.*
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

### Had no Fun in Him.

One of the members of the Methodist conference, recently held in Detroit, says the *Free Press*, was out for a walk at an early hour one morning, and encountered a strapping big fellow, who was drawing a wagon to the blacksmith shop.

"Catch hold here and help me down to the shop with this wagon and I'll buy the whisky!" called the big fellow.

"I never drink," solemnly replied the good man.

"Well, you can take a cigar."

"I never smoke."

The man dropped the wagon tongue, looked hard at the member, and asked:

"Don't you chew?"

"No, sir," was the decided reply.

"You must get mighty lonesome," mused the teamster.

"I guess I'm all right—I feel first-rate."

"I'll bet you even that I can lay you on your back," remarked the teamster. "Come, now, let's warm up a little."

"I never bet."

"Well, let's take each other down for fun, then. You are as big as I am, and I'll give you the under hold."

"I never have fun," solemnly answered the member.

"Well, I'm going to tackle you anyway. Here we go!"

The teamster slid up and endeavored to get a neck hold, but he only just commenced to feel about when he was lifted clear off the grass and slammed against a tree box with such force that he gasped half a dozen times before he could get his breath.

"Now you keep away from me!" exclaimed the minister, picking up his cane.

"Bust me if I don't!" replied the teamster, as he edged off. "What's the use in lying and saying that you didn't have any fun in you when you're chuck full of it! Blame it! you wanted to break my back, didn't you?"

### Agriculture in Greece.

Agriculture is depressed in Greece. A French traveler says: The Greeks assert that they were not born for agriculture, and I am afraid they are right. The Greek finds himself in the right place at the door of a shop or on the deck of a vessel. Greeks who cultivate the ground feel themselves humiliated. Despite the efforts of the government the people will not turn to their rich soil. The farming classes live poorly. They have good mules, small, swift and hardy horses; small and thin, but well shaped cattle, and quantities of sheep and goats, whose milk they drink. It costs about $200 to establish a flock of one hundred sheep which then yields about $100 a year. Cabbages and onions are the staple garden vegetables. Apples, pears and cherries are bad; lemons, oranges and olives good. The soil is for the most part fertile. One of the chief evils is the minute division of land. Although not a tenth of the country is under cultivation, very few farmers have more than a couple of acres, and three or four persons often have claims upon different crops on the same farm, the olives belonging to one, the beans to another, and so on. The farmers have no ambition, and only care just to live. One-fourth of the year is devoted to holidays.

### How an Empress Eats.

When the hour for Queen Victoria's dinner arrives her guests assemble, and when she enters the room they all arise. She bows, and they all sit down. The footmen serve the dinner, and all is silent. Sometimes the queen speaks, and whoever is spoken to acts like a good child, and speaks in return. Before the dessert is served she arises. The guests arise. They all bow, and the queen goes out. Think of it! When the American cranberry sauce was served no one said it was good; when the beef is overdone no one can mention it. There is no wonder over the early peas, and no congratulations upon the tender new corn. No one at that English table could breathlessly watch the first cut into a watermelon; when it cracked no one could smile, and when it lay open, red ripe, who could cry out that it was "Lovely!" To eat at the queen's table would be worse than having a stranger to dinner on Thanksgiving day, and having to eat the turkey as if it were an everyday fowl, and make no special praise of its unusual tenderness.

---

In the forty years that the Merchant's Gargling Oil has been before the public, thousands of patent medicines have been ushered into the market and retired, while this old remedy has held on its way, increasing in popularity with each succeeding year. Merchant's Gargling Oil is known familiarly the whole length and breadth of the land, and the name of the secretary, Mr. John Hodge, of Lockport, has a fame as wide as the medicine he dispenses. We have no data as to the number of bottles sent out from the manufactory last year, but the quantity must have been enormous. The company distribute two millions of almanacs and domestic recipe books annually, and when it is remembered that these are given away, some idea of the extent of the advertising enterprise may be formed. A medicine that will stand the test of forty years, as the Merchant's Gargling Oil has done, needs no special indorsement at this late day.—*Buffalo Courier.*

---

Chapped hands, face, pimples, ringworms, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and rough skin made soft and smooth by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.

---

The Indiana supreme court has filed a decision to the effect that if a promise of marriage is by its terms not to be performed within a year it is void, unless in writing and signed by the parties.

### From a Physician.

HYDE PARK, Vt., Feb. 7, 1876.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Boston:

*Gents*—You may perhaps remember that I wrote you several weeks ago in regard to the use of the Peruvian Syrup for my wife, who was suffering from general debility, the sequence of typhoid dysentery. I had tried the most noted physicians in this State, and also in Canada, without relief. At your recommendation she commenced the use of the Syrup; the first four bottles made but little impression, but while taking the fifth she began to improve rapidly, and now, after using six of the dollar bottles, she has regained her strength, and is able to do most of the work about the house; and I feel that I cannot speak too highly in praise of the Peruvian Syrup. I have prescribed it to several of my patients, and have procured the sale of several dozen of it here. You can make any use of this letter you see fit. Yours, very truly,

H. D. BURDEN, M. D.

---

The attention of soldiers and their heirs is called to the card of McNeill & Birch, of Washington, D. C., in another column.

### Cut This Out.

The Astor Place Hotel, Astor Place, Third Ave. and Eighth St., New York, is one of the best places for a stranger to stop—well kept, centrally located, a short distance to principal stores and theaters, and with a good bed, clean, airy rooms, at 50 cents to $2 per day, it does not cost a small fortune to spend a few days in the city. With the affable and gentlemanly Mr. Borden (one of the proprietors) behind the counter, no one can help feeling at home. Go and see him.

---

Many valuable horses die from the effects of colic. The best thing to do in a case of this kind is to pour a bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* into a long necked junk bottle, add half pint of molasses and water, then pour the whole down the horse's throat. In ten minutes the horse will begin to eat.

---

Abscesses and sores of long standing, which have resisted the operation of ointments and washes, may be cleansed and healed by frequent and persistent washing with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Depot, Crittenton's, No. 7 Sixth avenue, New York.

Hill's Instantaneous Hair Dye makes old folks young.

---

*Parsons' Purgative Pills* will greatly relieve, if not entirely cure, dyspepsia, when everything else fails. They have been tried in some desperate cases, and have given more relief than any other medicine.

$5 a Day to Agents. Samples free. H. Albert, Boston, Ms.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$10 a Day. Employment for all. Chromo & Novelty Catalogue free. Felton & Co., 119 Nassau st., N. Y.

$5 OUTFIT FREE. Best Chance Yet. Write at Once. COLLINS & CO., 2 Clinton Place, N. Y.

$20 a Week Salary to male and female. Send stamp for circulars. F. L. Medina, Indianapolis, Ind.

$200 a month. Outfit worth $1 free to agents. [illegible], 151 Mich. Av., Chicago.

AGENTS wanted, on salary or commission. New business. Address J. H. MASSEY & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

ASTHMA. The only sure remedy. Trial package free. L. SMITHNIGHT, Cleveland, O.

PROFITABLE, Pleasant work; hundreds now employed; hundreds more wanted. M. N. LOVELL, Erie, Pa.

### The Markets.

NEW YORK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Common to Good Texans | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Milch Cows | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Hogs—Live | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Dressed | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Sheep | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Lambs | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cotton—Middling | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Flour—Extra Western | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| State Extra | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Wheat—Red Western | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| No. 2 Spring | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Rye—State | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Barley—State | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Barley—Malt | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Oats—Mixed Western | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Corn—Mixed Western | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Hay, per cwt | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Straw, per cwt | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Hops | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Pork—Mess | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Lard | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Fish—Mackerel, No. 1, new | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| No. 2, new | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Dry Cod, per cwt | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Herring, Scaled, per box | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Petroleum—Crude | [illegible] | Refined, [illegible] |
| Wool—California Fleece | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Texas | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Australian | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Butter—State | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Western Dairy | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Western Yellow | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Western Ordinary | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cheese—State Factory | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| State Skimmed | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Western | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Eggs—State | [illegible] | [illegible] |

BUFFALO.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Flour | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Wheat—No. 1 Spring | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Corn—Mixed | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Oats | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Rye | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Barley | [illegible] | [illegible] |

PHILADELPHIA.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Beef Cattle—Extra | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Sheep | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Hogs—Dressed | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Flour—Pennsylvania Extra | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Wheat—Red Western | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Rye | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Corn—Yellow | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Mixed | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Oats—Mixed | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Petroleum—Crude | [illegible] | Refined, [illegible] |

WATERTOWN, MASS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Beef Cattle—Poor to Choice | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Sheep | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Lambs | [illegible] | [illegible] |

AGENTS WANTED.—For 400 Papers and Magazines. G. W. Bennett, Gen. Ag't, Quincy, Mich.

PROFITABLE Work for Agents at home. Sam. lo 12 cts. Rev. W. O. LOOMIS, Wa[illegible], N. Y.

WIND MILLS for Pumping and Raising Machinery. Address TORNADO WINDMILL CO., Elba, N. Y.

MONEY Made rapidly with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogues and samples FREE. S. M. Spencer, 117 Wash. St., Boston Mass.

THE SPORTSMAN. Turf, Field Sports, Agriculture. $2 per year. Specimen copy free. C. J. FOSTER & CO., Pubs., 9 Murray St., New York.

CAMPAIGN Pictures of TILDEN and HAYES, 22 x 28 inches. Sample copy, by mail, 25 cents. Large Discount to Agents. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, BOSTON.

$350 A Month.—Agents wanted. 36 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Add's JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED.—Twenty 9x11 Mounted Chromos for $1. 2 samples by mail, post-paid, 25c. CONTINENTAL CHROMO CO., 37 Nassau St., New York.

$3 WATCHES. A Great Sensation. Sample Watch and Outfit free to Agents. Better than Gold. Address A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

$125 A MONTH and traveling expenses paid for Salesmen. No peddlers wanted. Address, MONITOR [illegible] CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

PILES.—Instant relief and SURE self-cure sent FREE. I have no humbug medicine to sell. F. W. PUTNAM, 195 East Broadway, N. Y.

$60 A WEEK Male or female. No capital. We give Steady work that will bring you $240 a month at home day or evening. INVENTORS' UNION, 173 Greenwich Street, New York.

OPIUM HABIT CURED AT HOME. No publicity. Time short. Terms moderate. 1,000 testimonials. Describe case. Dr. F. E. MARSH, Quincy, Mich.

$10 to $25 a day sure made by Agents selling our Chromos, Crayons, Picture and Chromo Cards. 125 samples worth $5, sent post-paid for 85c. Illustrated Catalogue free. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, BOSTON, MASS.

NO MONEY We will start you in a business you can make $50 a week without capital; easy and respectable for either sex. AGENTS SUPPLY Co., 261 Bowery, N. Y.

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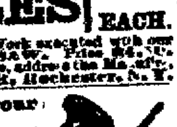

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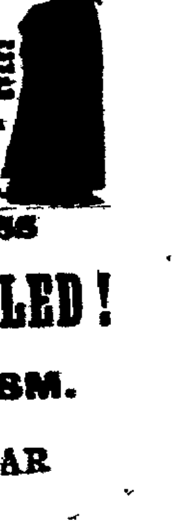

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